## AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 1644 Offered by M\_.

Strike section 2 and insert the following:

1	SEC. 2. INTERNET OPENNESS.
2	(a) Duties of Broadband Internet Access
3	Service Providers.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent that a person
5	is engaged in the provision of broadband internet ac-
6	cess service, such person—
7	(A) shall not block lawful content, applica-
8	tions, or services, or prohibit the use of non-
9	harmful devices, subject to reasonable network
10	management;
11	(B) shall not unjustly or unreasonably dis-
12	criminate in transmitting lawful traffic over a
13	consumer's broadband internet access service;
14	and
15	(C) shall disclose accurate and relevant in-
16	formation in plain language regarding the price,
17	performance, and network management prac-
18	tices of such person's broadband internet access
19	service sufficient—

1	(i) for consumers to make informed
2	choices regarding use of such service; and
3	(ii) for content, application, service,
4	and device providers to develop and market
5	new internet offerings.
6	(2) Commission requirements.—The Com-
7	mission may promulgate rules to implement para-
8	graph (1)(C). Any such rules—
9	(A) shall require, at a minimum, such per-
10	son to display or provide links to the required
11	information on an internet website and to up-
12	date such information in a timely fashion to re-
13	flect material changes in the information sub-
14	ject to such paragraph; and
15	(B) shall not require public disclosure of—
16	(i) competitively sensitive information;
17	(ii) information that would com-
18	promise network security; or
19	(iii) information that would under-
20	mine the efficacy of reasonable network
21	management practices.
22	(3) Rule of construction.—For purposes of
23	paragraph (1)(B), reasonable network management
24	shall not be construed to be unjustly or unreason-
25	ably discriminatory.

## (b) Enforcement.—

(1) COMMISSION AUTHORITY.—The Commission shall enforce the duties established in subsections (a)(1)(A) and (a)(1)(B) through adjudication of a complaint alleging that a service violates one or more of such duties. Nothing in this section limits the Commission's authority to adopt procedures for the adjudication of a complaint, to adopt an order requiring compliance from an entity subject to a complaint, to initiate an enforcement action, or to issue a declaratory ruling or guidance.

(2) Injunctive relief and penalties.—If the Commission finds that a provider of broadband internet access service has violated any provision of subsection (a), the Commission may issue an order enjoining such violation, including interim injunctive relief. If the Commission finds that a provider of broadband internet access service has engaged in a willful and knowing violation of such subsection, the Commission may issue a fine or forfeiture of no more than \$2,000,000 for any practice found to violate such subsection, consistent with the procedures in section 503 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 503). The Commission may not order the

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1	payment of damages for any violation of such sub-
2	section.
3	(3) No additional private rights author-
4	IZED.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to
5	authorize any private right of action in court.
6	(c) Relationship to Other Law.—
7	(1) The Commission.—The Commission may
8	not impose regulations on broadband internet access
9	service or any component thereof under title II of
10	the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 201 et
11	seq.), except in the event that a provider of
12	broadband internet access service elects to provide
13	the transmission component of such service as a
14	telecommunications service under such title. Except
15	as expressly provided in this section, nothing in this
16	section shall increase, reduce, or otherwise alter the
17	Commission's authority.
18	(2) Providers.—Nothing in this section shall
19	supersede any obligation or authorization a provider
20	of broadband internet access service may have, or
21	limit the provider's ability, to address the needs of
22	emergency communications, law enforcement, public
23	safety, or national security, consistent with applica-
24	ble law. Nothing in this section shall prohibit reason-

able efforts by a provider of broadband internet ac-

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1 cess service to address copyright infringement	or
2 other unlawful activity.	
3 (3) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this sect	ion
4 shall increase, reduce, or otherwise alter the ar	nti-
5 trust or other authorities of the Department of J	us-
6 tice or the Federal Trade Commission.	
7 (d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:	
8 (1) Broadband internet access service	.—
9 (A) In general.—The term "broadba	ınd
internet access service" means a mass-mar	ket
11 retail service by wire or radio that provides	the
capability to transmit data to and receive d	ata
from all or substantially all internet endpoir	ıts,
including any capabilities that are incidental	to
and enable the operation of the communication	ons
service, but excluding dial-up internet acc	ess
17 service.	
18 (B) Functional equivalent; ex	VA-
19 SION.—The term includes any service that—	
20 (i) the Commission finds to be p	ro-
viding a functional equivalent of the serv	rice
described in subparagraph (A); or	
23 (ii) is used to evade the protection	ons
set forth in this section.	

1	(2) Commission.—The term "Commission"
2	means the Federal Communications Commission.
3	(3) Reasonable Network Management.—
4	(A) In general.—The term "reasonable
5	network management" means a network man-
6	agement practice that is appropriate and tai-
7	lored to achieving a legitimate network manage-
8	ment function, taking into account the par-
9	ticular network architecture or technology of
10	the provider.
11	(B) Inclusions.—The term includes ap-
12	propriate and tailored practices—
13	(i) to reduce or mitigate the effects of
14	congestion on a broadband internet access
15	service provider's network;
16	(ii) to ensure network security or in-
17	tegrity;
18	(iii) to address traffic that is harmful
19	to or unwanted by—
20	(I) users, including premises op-
21	erators;
22	(II) the provider's network; or
23	(III) the internet;
24	(iv) to meet the needs of public safety;
25	and

1	(v) to provide services or capabilities
2	consistent with a consumer's choices re-
3	garding parental control or security capa-
4	bilities.
5	(C) Considerations.—In determining
6	whether a network management practice is rea-
7	sonable, the Commission shall consider tech-
8	nical requirements, standards, or best practices
9	adopted by one or more independent, widely
10	recognized internet community governance ini-
11	tiatives or standard-setting organizations.

